# Gender Related Articles from Major Newspapers (August 9 – August 22, 2021) & Gender Related Latest Journal Articles

### **NEWSPAPERS**

# Violence against Women

The Hans India - Aug 18, 2021

• Combat gender-based violence now

The Pioneer - Aug 12, 2021

Gender violence: A tragedy amid revelry, By - PRIYANKA
 CHATURVEDI

## **Domestic Violence**

NewsClick - Aug 20, 2021

Looking Back: The Colloquium on Domestic Violence,
 By - Sanjoy Ghose

NewsClick - Aug 19, 2021

Domestic Violence as the Shadow Pandemic, By - Indira
 Jaising

# **LGBTQ**

Feminism in India - Aug 12, 2021

 Queering Indian Educational Spaces: We Need To Hold Schools And Policy Makers Accountable

### Marriage

Feminism in India - Aug 17, 2021

Raising Marriageable Age Of Girls: A Step That Requires
 Comprehensive Execution, By – Geeta Gunjal

# **Rape**

Feminism in India - Aug 16, 2021

Two Young Dalit Girls Raped Mere Days Apart: A
 Testimony Of Caste Based Sexual Violence Prevalent In
 India, By - Shainal Verma

The Hindu - Aug 15, 2021

 Courts continue to differ in views on marital rape, By -Krishnadas Rajagopal

Feminism in India - Aug 12, 2021

Criminalising Marital Rape: The Pandemic Has Women
 Locked Down With Their Abusers

The Wire - Aug 10, 2021

Consent During Sex Should Always Be Legally Essential
 Marriage or No Marriage, By - Pranshu Bharti

## **Sexual / Mental Harassment**

Feminism in India - Aug 20, 2021

• Work From Home: Unpacking The Layers Of Sexual Harassment In Virtual Workspaces

Feminism in India - Aug 11, 2021

Mental Harassment In Educational Spaces: The Question
 Of Redressal, By - Sana Shah

# **Feminism**

The Indian Express - Aug 11, 2021

Fixing the fundamentals of feminism, By - Vaishali
 Vijaykumar

Times of India - Aug 10, 2021

• The lanes and lines of feminism, By - Syed Saba Rizvi

The Hindu - Aug 10, 2021

<u>Misinformation through a feminist lens</u>, <u>By - Pooja</u>
 Chaudhuri

The Economic Times - Aug 9, 2021

• The lanes and lines of feminism, By - Syed Saba Rizvi

## **Women and Law**

## **Triple Talaq**

Times of India - Aug 19, 2021

Triple Talaq ban brings new problems for Muslim
 Women, By - Sudipta Sengupta and Syed Akbar

Times of India - Aug 16, 2021

 Veiled reality: Triple talaq still on, cost of court battles keeps count low, By – Sudipta Sengupta

Times of India - Aug 15, 2021

Instant talaq is now through 'khula' in Telangana, Andhra
 Pradesh, By – Syed Akbar

Times of India - Aug 13, 2021

• After triple talaq ban, Muslim women in Telangana face abandonment, By - Sudipta Sengupta & Syed Akbar

# **Women Rights**

Hindustan Times - Aug 19, 2021

 Upholding women's rights: When the Supreme Court got it right, By - Umar Sofi

The Indian Express - Aug 18, 2021

India must push for women's rights in land ownership,
 By – Bina Agarwal

## **Women in Public Transport**

Feminism in India - Aug 15, 2021

Why Are Rising Petrol Prices A Feminist Concern?

# **Women Entrepreneurship**

Hindustan Times - Aug 18, 2021

• Charting the path for financial independence of female small business owners

Times of India - Aug 13, 2021

• Things every female entrepreneur should know

Times of India - Aug 11, 2021

 How Direct Selling is encouraging women entrepreneurship by giving them a platform to lead from the front, By - Anushree Singh

# Financial Inclusion of Women

The Economic Times - Aug 20, 2021

• Greater financial inclusion of women requires more gender-inclusive financial system: Amitabh Kant

The Statesman - Aug 11, 2021

• Banking the unbanked, By - Moin Qazi

# **Gender and Climate Change**

Youth Ki Awaaz - Aug 17, 2021

How Access To Resources Can Help Women
 Participation In Climate Change Discourse

The Pioneer - Aug 15, 2021

• Climate changes create havoc, women bear the brunt,
By - ARCHANA DATTA

# **Gender Budget**

The Wire - Aug 18, 2021

 Why Indian States Need to Incorporate Gender Budgeting in Their Fiscal Planning, By - Lekha Chakraborty

### **Gender and Caste**

Youth Ki Awaaz - Aug 20, 2021

 Here's Why Our Discourse On Social Change Needs To Emphasise Caste And Gender

**Gender Equality / Gender Discrimination** 

Youth Ki Awaaz - Aug 17, 2021

 How Women Can Bring Social Change By Standing Up For Themselves

Youth Ki Awaaz - Aug 18, 2021

 Why India Needs Gender-Responsive-Budgeting To Achieve Gender Equality

# **Gender Gap / Gender Bias**

Feminism in India - Aug 18, 2021

Women And Tech: Addressing Gender Gap Through
 Feminist Technology, By – Anagha S

World Economic Forum - Aug 16, 2021

• What risk and overconfidence can tell us about the gender pay gap, By - Linda Gorman

Financial Times - Aug 11, 2021

 Pandemic widens pensions pot gender gap, By -Josephine Cumbo

# **Covid Impact on Gender**

Youth Ki Awaaz - Aug 20, 2021

 Impact Of COVID-19 On Women And Girls In Asia And The Pacific

Times of India - Aug 10, 2021

Delhi: Job loss during pandemic led many to beg, By –
 Ambika Pandit

# Women & Work

**Business Standard - Aug 16, 2021** 

 Women work in jobs of poorer quality with wide income variability

# **Female Workforce Participation**

The Indian Express - Aug 18, 2021

Bringing women into the workforce, By - Mitali Nikore,
 Krsna Singh, Samiha Singh and Unmuktman Singh

# **Work from Home**

The Economic Times - Aug 18, 2021

Five in 10 women want flexible job options that allow
 WFH: Survey, By - Brinda Sarkar

## **Informal Workers**

The Wire Science - Aug 21, 2021

• Why India's Huge Informal Sector Needs Its Own Innovation Measurement Metrics, By - Gautam Sharma

The Indian Express - Aug 20, 2021

 What India's informal sector needs right now, By -Pranjul Bhandari

The Hindustan Times - Aug 19, 2021

• Tracing the informal: Analysing labour legislation in China

Times of India - Aug 18, 2021

• Why it's time for India to embrace earned wage access solution, By - Chitresh Sharma

Hindustan Times - Aug 18, 2021

Do PLFS numbers underestimate the pain of lockdown?
 By - Ishan Anand & Anjana Thampi

The Print - Aug 16, 2021

 Database for unorganised workers expected to take off this month, after several missed deadlines, By -MOUSHUMI DAS GUPTA and BHADRA SINHA

Financial Express - Aug 15, 2021

<u>Labour code rollout to be delayed further beyond</u>
 October 1 deadline, By - Surya Sarathi Ray

IndiaSpend - Aug 15, 2021

 India's Labour Is Moving Back From Manufacturing To Farms, By - Govindraj Ethiraj

Hindustan Times - Aug 14, 2021

• In India, a diminished economic future, By - Yamini Aiyar

The Print - Aug 11, 2021

Impact of COVID-19 on Indian Informal Economy

**Employment / Unemployment** 

The Wire - Aug 21, 2021

 Low-Income Women Bear Unfair Burden of COVID-Induced Socio-Economic Troubles, By - Swetha Totapally and Vineet Bhandari The Print - Aug 21, 2021

 What's behind the 'improvement' in employment situation in labour force survey report, By - P.C.
 MOHANAN

Times of India - Aug 19, 2021

 Finding work is work in progress: Economic activity is back at pre-pandemic levels, but jobs recovery is a long haul, By - Sonal Varma

Hindustan Times - Aug 20, 2021

 India has an unemployment crisis. And it predates Covid-19, By - Santosh Mehrotra

Financial Express - Aug 18, 2021

 Don't push up retirement age, it will hurt employment prospects of the youth

The Indian Express - Aug 17, 2021

Despite broad uptick in the economy, fewer quality jobs
 in urban areas now, By – Anil Sasi

The Wire - Aug 13, 2021

<u>Modinomics' Legacy — Labour Traffic Now Flows From</u>
 Factories to Farms, By - M.K. Venu

Live Mint - Aug 11, 2021

Employment and Well-being often don't correlate in India,
 Peru

Rising Kashmir - Aug 10, 2021

Economic slowdown and the job market in India, By MUHAMMAD WASEEM BHAT

Business Standard - Aug 10, 2021

 Depict real picture of job loss: Parliamentary panel to Labour Ministry

The Indian Express - Aug 9, 2021

• The grim reality hidden by recent decline in unemployment rates, By - Radhicka Kapoor

## <u>Urban Employment</u>

Scroll.In - Aug 19, 2021

 How urban employment schemes can offer social security to the poor and empower women, By -Shreehari Paliath

**Business Standard - Aug 18, 2021** 

How urban job guarantee schemes can provide equal opportunity to women, By – Shreehari Paliath

IndiaSpend - Aug 17, 2021

• How Urban Job Guarantee Schemes Can Provide
Livelihood, Equal Opportunity To Women

Financial Express - Aug 17, 2021

Urban unemployment rate rises to double-digit level

The Hindu Business Line - Aug 10, 2021

An urban job guarantee scheme is the need of the hour,
 By - C P Chandrasekhar & Jayati Ghosh

# **Migration**

Live Mint - Aug 10, 2021

Will the migrant worker database really help?, By –
 Prashant K.Nanda

Hindustan Times - Aug 10, 2021

 Centre set to launch digitized platform to benefit migrant workers, By - Zia Haq and Deeksha Bhardwaj

## **Domestic Workers**

**Scroll.In - Aug 16, 2021** 

 Lost jobs, lower wages and stigma – how the pandemic has hurt domestic workers in India, By - Lamuel Enoch & Vani Viswanathan

# **Gig Economy**

Times of India - Aug 18, 2021

Gig workers are the heroes we need, By – Gurpreet
 Singh

Financial Times - Aug 15, 2021

India's underemployed eke out a living in the gig work
 boom, By – Amy Kazmin

Live Mint - Aug 12, 2021

Women to drive gig economy in new India, suggests
 Apna.co, By – Kalpana Pathak

BusinessWorld - Aug 9, 2021

• Regulating The Gig Economy, By - Amit Kapoor

## **Health**

IndiaSpend - Aug 18, 2021

• Explained: Why India's Public Health Insurance Doesn't Work As Well As It Should, By - Gokulananda Nandan

Hindustan Times - Aug 17, 2021

 Healthcare for all must be built on the voices of all, By -Tarun Khanna, Kiran Mazumdar Shaw, Vikram Patel and Gagandeep Kang

The Hindu Business Line - Aug 15, 2021

I-Day Special | Atmanirbharta: Crucial for health security,
 By - PT Jyothi Datta

## Maternal Health/Benefit

The Print - Aug 12, 2021

<u>Financial burden of child births is rising in India – even in</u>
 <u>free public health facilities</u>, <u>By - PREM SHANKAR</u>
 MISHRA and T S SYAMALA

The Wire - Aug 9, 2021

This World Breastfeeding Week, India Needs to Ask Why
 Its Maternity Benefit Laws Fall Short, By - Divya
 Ravindranath

# Maternal / Paternal Leave

Times of India - Aug 18, 2021

• Will Paternity Leave Stifle Career Growth?, By – Namrata

### Singh

## **Education**

Scroll.In - Aug 21, 2021

 For India's young generation, the costs of school closure amid Covid-19 are mounting, By - Bhaskaran Raman & Tanya Aggarwal

The Telegraph - Aug 21, 2021

A chance to offer a new future to children, By - Shashi
 Panja

The Pioneer - Aug 19, 2021

• NEP will check dropout rate in higher education:

Annapurna, By - | Roshan Kumar

Youth Ki Awaaz - Aug 20, 2021

Here's How NEP 2020 Is Failing Muslim And Dalit Girls,
 By - By Shivangni Singh

**Live Mint – Aug 16, 2021** 

<u>Learn from past mistakes to boost India's democracy,</u>
 <u>By - Shashi Shekhar</u>

The Hindu Business Line - Aug 15, 2021

Pandemic-hit children need better education, By –
 A.Srinivas

The Hindu - Aug 15, 2021

• Still short of schooling at 74, By - Jean Dreze

The Wire - Aug 13, 2021

 India Can't Keep Citing the Pandemic to Deprive Children of Education, By - Ritambhara Singh and Mihir Rajamane

The Hindu - Aug 13, 2021

Squaring up to India's education emergency, By –
 Sajitha Bashir & Anvar Sadath

The Indian Express - Aug 12, 2021

• Explained: Why NCPCR has recommended minority schools be brought under RTE, By – Esha Roy

Live Mint - Aug 11, 2021

• The equity challenge thrown up by our culture of private tutions, By – Parul Gupta

# **Child Marriage**

The Hindu - Aug 21, 2021

• Elopements most prosecuted under child marriage law: Study

The Print – Aug 19, 2021

 Child marriage cases in India filed mostly against elopement, not forced unions, study says, By - RAGHAV BIKHCHANDANI

# Orphaned Children & Education

The Wire - Aug 17, 2021

• What Freedoms, Which Schools for the Millions of Abandoned 'Offline' Children?, By - Anita Rampal

# **Child Care**

Hindustan Times - Aug 10, 2021

 Global childcare crisis and the road for post-covid-19 recovery and resilience

## **Child Abuse**

Firstpost - Aug 14, 2021

 No lowering of age limit to 16 from 18 for serious POCSO cases: What it means, challenges of preventing child sexual abuse

# **Demography**

The Indian Express - Aug 17, 2021

• Job, income, education incentives in Uttar Pradesh law panel draft 2-child plan, By - Avaneesh Mishra

The Wire - Aug 9, 2021

 Involving Men in Family Planning Could Cure India's 'Population Control' Obsession, By - Saurabh Rai and M.
 Sivakami

## **Poverty**

Times of India - Aug 18, 2021

Tamil Nadu: Urban poverty pushes up child marriage
 cases by 45% over 2019, By – A Ragu Raman

Hindustan Times - Aug 12, 2021

India needs to talk about 2nd-gen steps against poverty,
 By - Roshan Kishore

# **Malnutrition**

The Print - Aug 11, 2021

 How this remote, backward UP district is fighting malnutrition amid Covid pandemic, By - JYOTI YADAV

### **NREGA**

NewsClick - Aug 18, 2021

MGNREGA Protects The Poor From Further Poverty
 During Natural Calamities, By - Manu Moudgil

## **OTHERS**

The Print - Aug 16, 2021

• Has India fulfilled its moral responsibility? The answers to this question are troubling, By - AMITABH BEHAR

Deccan Herald - Aug 16, 2021

• Make in India: Have we made it?, By - Pravakar Sahoo

The Hindu Business Line - Aug 13, 2021

• Skills for Atmanirbhartha, By - B Chandrasekaran

### **JOURNALS**

Asian Journal of Women's Studies - August 17, 2021

 Recognizing invisible work: The women domestic workers' movement in Bangladesh, Written by – Anweshaa Ghosh

### **ABSTRACT**

Domestic work is a highly feminized sector of work in Bangladesh, where

women from poor neighborhoods of Dhaka city are found laboring for very low wages, without legal or social protection. Such work remains unrecognized and invisible, although it has been done for generations. Over the years, mobilization of domestic workers (DWs) by the National Domestic Women Workers Union (NDWWU) has helped to develop the leadership and negotiation capacities of its members, resulting in some improvement in their working conditions. This article is based on the qualitative findings of a study on social protection for DWs in three South Asian countries, namely, Bangladesh, Nepal and India, conducted by the Women in Informal Employment: Globalizing and Organizing (WIEGO) in collaboration with International Domestic Workers Federation (IDWF). This article presents the challenges and major risks such workers face in Bangladesh. In addition, it also examines the struggle that the biggest domestic workers union, NDWWU and its allies have undertaken in order to ensure decent work conditions as well as legal and social protective measures for DWs in the country. In doing so, I aim to contribute to the limited literature on mobilization of the workers and related policy concerns in Bangladesh and the wider region.

### Feminist Economics - Vol.27, No.3, 2021

 The Causal Impact of Women's Age at Marriage on Domestic Violence in India, Written by - Punarjit Roychowdhury & Gaurav Dhamija

#### **ABSTRACT**

This study examines the causal effect of women's age at marriage on prevalence of domestic violence using newly available household data from India. The paper employs an empirical strategy that utilizes variation in age at menarche to obtain exogenous variation in women's age at marriage. The results show robust evidence that a one-year delay in women's marriage causes a significant decline in physical violence, although it has no impact on sexual or emotional violence. Further, the study provides suggestive evidence that the effect of women's marital age on physical violence arises because older brides, as compared to younger brides, are more educated

and are married to more educated men. Overall, the findings underscore the importance of better enforcement of existing social policies that seek to delay marriages of women, as well as formulation of newer interventions, to reduce the prevalence of domestic violence in developing countries.

### Feminist Economics - Vol.27, No.3, 2021

<u>Diffusion and Dilution: The Power and Perils of</u>
 <u>Integrating Feminist Perspectives Into Household</u>
 <u>Economics, Written by - Cheryl R. Doss</u>

### **ABSTRACT**

Over the past thirty years, feminist economists have been at the forefront of work on household and intrahousehold economics. To a significant degree, their work has entered mainstream economics. This is surely a success story, both in the impact on academia and the broader implications for policy. This essay suggests that feminist economists should pause to reflect on the potential perils that accompany these successes. What gets lost when intrahousehold issues are folded into mainstream economic analyses? What is still missing in this literature? What still needs to be on the agenda for feminist economists working on issues around households? The essay highlights five potential perils: the focus on individuals, the narrow definition of households, the tendency for questions to be driven by available data and metrics, the possibility of collecting more data than scholars can use, and the need to include social norms and structural constraints.

#### Contributions to Indian Sociology - Vol.55, No.2, June, 2021

Professional identities and servile realities: Aspirational
 labour in Delhi malls, Written by - Keya Bardalai

#### **ABSTRACT**

The article explores how retail workers envision and pursue aspirations for social mobility through employment in Delhi malls. Based on 14 months of

ethnographic fieldwork and participant observation, this study examines how retail store employees cultivate professional occupational identities as a way of distancing themselves from informal and manual workers and claim a new class identity. The article also shows how workers come to view the job as dhoka (deceit), once they experience humiliation and disrespect at the hands of customers and managers and realise that such employment does not allow them to transcend their social class positions. However, they continue to stay on in these demeaning jobs because they believe that employment in the new service economy is their best option. By exploring retail workers' narratives of majboori (constraint or compulsion) in this context, the article unpacks their contradictory experiences of work in the service sector and sheds light on youth aspirations and mobility strategies in post-liberalised India.

Economic and Political Weekly - Vol.56, No.34, August 21, 2021

 Did Employment Rise or Fall in India between 2011 and 2017? : Estimating Absolute Changes in the Workforce, Written by - Paaritosh Nath & Amit Basole

### **ABSTRACT**

The Periodic Labour Force Survey 2017—18 data have created a controversy regarding the quantity of employment generated in the past few years in India. Estimates ranging from an absolute increase of 23 million to an absolute decline of 15.5 million have been published. In this paper, we show that some of the variations in estimates can be attributed to how populations are projected based on data from Census 2011. We estimate the change in employment using the cohort—component method of population projection. We show that for men, the total employment rose, but the increase fell far short of the increase in the working age population. For women, employment fell. The decline was concentrated among women engaged in part-time or occasional work in agriculture and construction.

Economic and Political Weekly - Vol.56, No.34, August 21,

The Inconvenient Truth of Illiteracy Inequality:
 Intersectionality of Socio-demographic Disadvantage,
 Written by – Sunita Gandhi and Et.al.,

### **ABSTRACT**

This study analyses adult illiteracy in Lucknow, focusing on inequalities between different geographical regions, castes, age groups and genders. The reading ability of 1.06 million people in the 15–60 age group was tested, and the literacy rate found to be 65%—substantially lower than the census figures of 77% for Lucknow and 68% for Uttar Pradesh. Each sociodemographic dimension measured was a key determinant of literacy—disadvantaged groups had literacy rates substantially below the mean. Socio-demographic determinants also compound each other, highly disadvantaging some subgroups, an aspect that policymakers must take into consideration when developing policies to increase literacy equity.

Economic and Political Weekly - Vol.56, No.34, August 21, 2021

 India-Gulf Labour Migration in the Aftermath of the COVID-19 Pandemic, By - S K Sasikumar

#### <u>ABSTRACT</u>

The COVID-19 pandemic-associated developments in the Gulf Cooperation Council countries have had direct and adverse impacts on low- and semi-skilled migrant workers, including job loss, wage cuts and earning loss. The crisis has in many ways also exposed fault lines in the existing Indian migration governance system in dealing with the vulnerabilities experienced by such migrants; these gaps are structural in nature and have been prevailing for a long period. The article delineates some of the major policy interventions that merit immediate attention to make the migration policy architecture "migrant-centric," thereby enhancing the migration and

developmental outcomes of future labour outflows.

Economic and Political Weekly - Vol.56, No.32, August 7, 2021

 Women, Priesthood and Religious Rights in Tamil Nadu and Kerala, Written by - Aparna Eswaran & Hameeda C K

### **ABSTRACT**

In light of the recent announcement by the minister for Hindu religious and charitable endowments for Tamil Nadu regarding the government's willingness to facilitate resources and training for women who wish to be priests in temples, the article examines the debates regarding the right of women to Hindu religious realm by revisiting the political episode of women's assertion of their constitutional right to enter the Sabarimala temple in the neighbouring state of Kerala as well as the gendered dimensions of situating the protests within the larger histories of the self-respect movement and navodhanam.

Economic and Political Weekly - Vol.56, No.31, August 7, 2021

Is Ambedkar's Prejudice against 'Tribe' a Settled Matter?
 : A Monument to Academic Carelessness, Written by - Nishikant Kolge

### **ABSTRACT**

A challenge is mounted against the widespread assumption that Ambedkar was prejudiced against "tribe," by revealing acts of academic carelessness that occur in the writings of some scholars through the cherry-picking of quotes and failure to historically contextualise the same. Some such popular (mis)quotes and Ambedkar's writings on tribe over a period of time are investigated, taking into account both their immediate and larger historical context, to argue that there are better ways to make sense of Ambedkar's stance on the subject.

Economic and Political Weekly - Vol.56, No.31, July 31, 2021

 Deploying Cultural, Social and Emotional Capital: The Case of Anglo-Indian Women Employed in Private Schools in Bengaluru, Written by - Jyothsna Belliappa & Sanchia deSouza

### **ABSTRACT**

This paper examines the experiences of Anglo-Indian women teaching in Bengaluru's English medium private schools to understand how they negotiate professional constraints by drawing on Diane Reay's feminist extension of Pierre Bourdieu's "forms of capital." It argues that her concept of "emotional capital" can be used to explain how interviewees attempt to overcome their limited cultural and social capital. We also suggest that Arlie Hochschild's notion of "emotional labour," distinct from Reay's emotional capital, when deployed alongside the latter, highlights the complex negotiations that interviewees undertake. In doing so, this work attempts to contribute a minority perspective to research on schoolteachers' lives. In the process, it also seeks to extend emotional capital (a concept Reay deployed to explain mothers' investment in their children) to understand women's professional experiences.

### Economic and Political Weekly - Vol.56, No.31, July 31, 2021

How Unstable Are the Sources of Livelihood? : Analysis
 Based on Periodic Labour Force Survey 2017–18 Data,
 Written by - Arup Mitra, Guru Prakash Singh & Puneet
 Kumar Shrivastav

### **ABSTRACT**

This paper, based on the data from the annual Periodic Labour Force Survey, reflects on the lack of sustainable sources of livelihood and the phenomenon of multiple activities pursued simultaneously. A thorough analysis of the quarterly data suggests that in the rural areas, workers largely dependent on agriculture are compelled to shift to other activities in the off season. The nature of employment also varies, particularly in the urban areas. The occupational choice model estimated based on the

quarterly data is indicative of changes in the marginal effect for workers of a given caste or an individual with a certain educational attainment. Certain social categories and workers with less educational attainments are more susceptible to changing probability of joining a particular activity and adopting multiple activities.

### Gender Technology and Development - Vol.25, No.2, 2021

 Transnational relationships and virtual technology: an ethnographic study of the left-behind wives in Kerala, Written by - Nusarath Jahan P.

### **ABSTRACT**

Modern technology plays a complicated role in (re)shaping the transnational relationships between migrated men and their left-behind wives in Kerala. Since the 1990s, the Malabar region in Kerala has witnessed large-scale migration of its workforce to the Gulf countries. As these women juggle between family, migration, and gaps in socio-economic development, multiple forms of technologies and surveillance complicate the institutionalization of patriarchy within the private sphere in the name of women's safety. Technological devices turn the migrants' wives into docile bodies, observable at any moment by their husbands' virtual eyes. This paper argues that using modern technology, which is operated around the idea of surveillance, migrant husbands foster a "mediated patriarchy." Further, modern technology (re)shapes transnational relationships and functions as a double-edged weapon in the left-behind wives' lives.

#### Gender Technology and Development - Vol.25, No.2, 2021

 Gender disparity in the digitalization of financial services: challenges and promises for women's financial inclusion in India, Written by - Lalitagauri Kulkarni & Anandita Ghosh

### **ABSTRACT**

Digital financial services present unprecedented opportunities for the financial inclusion of vulnerable sections of society by overcoming the barriers of cost, distance, transparency, and by providing financial services tailored to their needs. Despite rapid strides in the digital financial inclusion in India, women face barriers to access and usage of digital financial services. The study uses secondary data to examine the regional profile of the gender gap in digital financial inclusion in India. The analysis shows that the economic development of the state does not determine the gender disparity in digital financial inclusion. The study also identifies key barriers to women's access to digital financial services. Based on a primary survey of women in rural and urban areas the study shows that digitalization can help enhance women's social and financial autonomy. Hence, these findings suggest that a gender sensitive approach to financial inclusion is imperative for the success of policy initiatives.

Down to Earth - August 16, 2021

India's water crisis: It is most acute for women, By - Anuj
 Behal & Dimple Behal

Free Press Journal - August 10, 2021

Women participation in gig economy rises to 40% in Q2
 2021, reveals workforce survey

Some Recent Publications – Related to Gender

World Bank Report – August, 2021

• THE POWER OF JAN DHAN: MAKING FINANCE WORK FOR WOMEN IN INDIA

OXFAM India Report - July, 2021

Inequality Report 2021: India's Unequal Healthcare Story

**IWWAGE Publication - June 2021** 

• From aspiration to empowerment: Impact of women's collectives

This is a quick listing, and not a comprehensive one, designed to give ISST researchers easy access to these published articles.