Gender Related Articles from Major Newspapers (Aug 23 – Sept 5, 2021) & Gender Related Latest Journal Articles

NEWSPAPERS

Crime against Women

The Indian Express - Sept 3, 2021

<u>Kerala: Crime mapping to help women in distress, By -</u>
<u>Steni Simon</u>

Rising Kashmir - Sept 3, 2021

• Violence Among Teenagers, By - Dr .BHAVNA BARMI

<u>Rape</u>

Feminism in India - Sept 2, 2021

 <u>The Mathura Rape Case Of 1972: A Watershed Moment In</u> India's Rape Laws, By - Nishtha Shanti

Sex Workers

Feminism in India - Aug 31, 2021

Ground Report: The Worsened Health & Financial
<u>Conditions Of Sex Workers</u>

Sexual Harrassment

Feminism in India - Sept 3, 2021

 Sexism At The Workplace: An Account Of Professional Sidelining Based On Gender

Sexual Violence

The Citizen - Sept 3, 2021

<u>'A Weapon to Assert Power': Dalit Women Name</u>
<u>Measures to End Sexual Violence, By - KIVLEEN SAHNI</u>

Sexual Rights

The Print - Sept 2, 2021

 Supreme Court recognises sexual right of all women. So how is marital rape still legal?, By - ASTHA BHATTACHARYA

<u>Surrogacy</u>

Times of India - Sept 2, 2021

Pandemic pushing more women into surrogacy?, By Priyanka A Chokhani

Women Rights

Feminism in India - Aug 29, 2021

<u>Tracing The History Of Pants, Gendered Clothing & Moral</u>
<u>Policing Of Women, By - Rohini Ghosh</u>

The Arunachal Times - Aug 25, 2021

• A no woman's land, By - Gaby Miyum Damin

Women Farmers

India Spend - Sept 2, 2021

How Women Farmers In Eastern India Are Supporting
Families By Cultivating Nutrition Gardens, By - Abhijit

<u>Mohanty</u>

Gender and Caste

Scroll.In - Aug 31, 2021

 Land, caste, class and gender – Gail Omvedt's writings were united in their vision of utopia, By - V Geetha

Caste Census

The Print - Aug 28, 2021

• India needs a caste census to see if we have conquered the social evil or merely hidden it, By - KUMAR ATUL

Gender Equality / Gender Discrimination

The Print - Sept 3, 2021

• <u>Meghalaya's matriliny doesn't help gender equality, fares</u> poorly on Northeast SDG index, By - TARAN DEOL

The Indian Express - Aug 27, 2021

<u>Women's equality an essential deciding factor for dating,</u>
<u>survey finds</u>

Gender Stereotypes

The Indian Express - Aug 26, 2021

Breaking gender stereotypes in textbooks, By - Sasmit
Patra And Suryaprabha Sadasivan

The Wire - Aug 26, 2021

<u>Gender Stereotyping: Paternalism By Courts Erodes</u>
<u>Trust in Judicial Institutions, By - Rongeet Poddar</u>

Covid Impact on Gender

Feminism in India - Sept 2, 2021

 Women Worst Affected By Unemployment During COVID-<u>19</u>

Women & Work

Business World - Sept 2, 2021

<u>Study Reveals How The Pandemic Has Negatively</u>
<u>Affected Working Women Of India</u>

Work from Home

Hindustan Times - Sept 2, 2021

 <u>Covid-19 work from home survey: Majority of working</u> professionals prefer flexible working hours, By -<u>Abhishek Behl</u>

Youth Ki Awaaz - Sept 2, 2021

• Work From Home: A Feature Of The Pandemic Or Here To Stay?, By - Ananya Bhuyan

Informal Workers

Scroll.In - Sept 2, 2021

 <u>e-Shram: All you need to know about India's first</u> <u>centralised database for unorganised workers, By -</u> <u>Gautam Doshi</u>

Times of India - Aug 28, 2021

• <u>Why women workers are disappearing from the informal</u> <u>sector, By – Ambika Pandit</u>

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Hindustan Times - Aug 26, 2021
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• <u>New labour rules with change in work hours, pay to come</u> into effect from Oct 1?

Employment / Unemployment

Feminism in India - Sept 2, 2021

 Women Worst Affected By Unemployment During COVID-<u>19</u>

Scroll.In - Sept 2, 2021

 <u>'Educated unemployment': The crisis that defines</u> <u>millennials more than any other demographic, By -</u> <u>Vivan Marwaha</u>

Hindustan Times - Sept 2, 2021

<u>1.5 million people lost jobs in August as unemployment</u>
<u>rises, By - Prashant K Nanda</u>

Live Mint - Sept 1, 2021

 <u>Govt may allow portability of Social Security numbers</u>, <u>By – Prashant K.Nanda</u>

Business Standard - Sept 1, 2021

Key priorities for employment policy, By - Nitin Desai

Rural Employment

Live Mint - Sept 3, 2021

 <u>Rural services help partially offset job market losses in</u> <u>Aug, By – Prashant K.Nanda</u>

Migration

The Financial Express - Sept 2, 2021

 IE Thinc session: How can India's migrant force form a better identity to smash vulnerability trap – A roadmap

Manual Scavengers

Times of India - Aug 30, 2021

<u>Advancing the rights of women manual scavengers, By -</u>
<u>Sharanya Menon</u>

Feminism in India - Aug 30, 2021

• The State of Women Involved In Manual Scavenging

Gig Economy

Scroll.In - Aug 24, 2021

 How India can ensure a female-friendly future of work in its booming gig economy, By - Garima Nain & Ria Kasliwal

Hindustan Times - Sep 2, 2021

 Meet Delivery Bhoy: The man shaking up India's booming gig economy, By - Shiv Sunny

Health

The Indian Express - Aug 31, 2021

• <u>COVID fallout and pregnancy: Delivery dilemma amid</u> raging pandemic, By - Somrita Ghosh

Mental Health

Live Mint - Sept 2, 2021

• Work stress hit personal life of one in three people : Survey

Feminism in India - Aug 29, 2021

 <u>Why Aren't We Talking About Rural Women's Mental</u> <u>Health?</u>

Maternal / Paternal Leave

Feminism in India - Sept 2, 2021

Paternity Leave And Parenting Stereotypes: Policy
Changes Must Be Backed By Change In Attitude

Education

The Indian Express - Sept 3, 2021

 How holistic education can infuse positivity in school system, By – Anita Karwal

Hindustan Times - Sept 3, 2021

• <u>As states roll out NEP, address its twin deficits</u>, <u>By -</u> <u>John Kurrien</u>

Fortune India - Sept 3, 2021

 <u>The balancing act of higher education in India, By –</u> <u>Vikram Limsay</u>

Live Mint - Sept 3, 2021

• <u>Centre targets five areas for reforms in higher</u> education, By – Prashant K.Nanda The Indian Express - Sept 2, 2021

How holistic education can infuse positivity in school system, By – Anita Karwal

The Indian Express - Sept 2, 2021

• Reopening and reimagining schools

Hindustan Times - Sept 2, 2021

• <u>As states roll out NEP, address its twin deficits</u>, <u>By -</u> <u>John Kurrien</u>

The Hans India - Aug 29, 2021

 <u>'New education policy opened floodgates for</u> <u>innovation'</u>

Hindustan Times - Aug 24, 2021

 Parents question reopening of schools, fee issue reignites

Demography

Business World - Aug 28, 2021

 Lessons From China's Adoption Of 'Three-Child Policy' For India, By – Raghav Aggarwal

Malnutrition

Hindustan Times - Sept 2, 2021

Fortified rice not enough to tackle malnutrition:
<u>Experts, By – Zia Haq</u>

OTHERS

IndiaSpend - Aug 30, 2021

How A Year of Covid-19 Financially Dented India's
Middle Class, By – Rohit Inani

JOURNALS

Economic and Political Weekly - Vol.56, No.36, Sept 4, 2021

• <u>State Policy and Recruitment of Domestic Workers</u> <u>and Nurses to West Asia : A Comparative Political</u> <u>Economy Analysis, Written by - Praveena Kodoth</u>

ABSTRACT

This paper analyses the comparative political economy of overseas recruitment policy towards nurses and women domestic workers by examining the disproportionate influence of specific interest groups. Shocking irregularities in private recruitment of nurses forced government intervention in 2015, but subsequent interventions and failure to empower state-run agencies to compete on even terms underline the power of private recruiters. Even as the government yields to demand from destination countries and business lobbies for migrant domestic workers, it fails to hear workers' concerns about their rights. Thus, migrant workers continue to pay the price of systemic problems that plague overseas recruitment.

Economic and Political Weekly - Vol.56, No.36, Sept 4, 2021

 <u>An Ode to Altruism : How Indian Courts Value</u> <u>Unpaid Domestic Work, Written by - Prabha</u> <u>Kotiswaran</u>

ABSTRACT

Feminists have demonstrated how the invisibility and lack of recognition of unpaid domestic and care work result in gender inequality and women's disempowerment. Discussions of the role of law in reinforcing this invisibility is limited and focused on family law. This paper shall look at tort law, namely a review of compensation awarded to the dependents of homemakers, between 1968 and 2019, under the Indian Motor Vehicles Act, 1988. The growing recognition of women's UDCW by Indian appellate courts, culminating in an influential Supreme Court decision in 2010, is traced. This "wages for housework" jurisprudence is then marshalled to probe the redistributive function of tort law.

Economic and Political Weekly - Vol.56, No.36, Sept 4, 2021

 Infant Mortality Rate : Do Indian States Converge?, By - Vishalkumar Jan

ABSTRACT

Infant mortality rate has been improving in India for a considerable time now. From 2009 to 2018, India has improved the IMR from 50 to 32. This article aims to understand the underlying improvement in the IMR at the state level and establish whether there is convergence. For this exercise, the article uses health inequality measures like standard deviation, coeffi cient of variation, rate of improvement differences, β convergence and Gini coeffi cient. The fi ndings reveal that all states show improvement in IMR over 10 years, but the rate of improvement is varying amongst state and there is no convergence amongst the states. Small states and union territories improve the IMR at a higher rate compared to that of the national improvement rate.

Economic and Political Weekly - Vol.56, No.35, August 28, 2021

<u>Two-child Norm : Curtailing Welfare, Weaponising</u>
<u>Demography, Written by - Mohan Rao & Aprajita</u>
<u>Sarcar</u>

ABSTRACT

In July 2021, Uttar Pradesh announced a population policy, the draft of the Uttar Pradesh Population (Control, Stabilisation and Welfare) Bill, 2021. While the contents of the bill are contentious, so is the timing of its tabling

in the legislature. In terms of substantive population planning, the draft document is not only detrimental to long-term demographic transition, it has serious repercussions for welfare state mechanisms.

Economic and Political Weekly - Vol.56, No.35, August 28, 2021

 <u>Why Should the Marital Rape Exception be</u> Removed?, Written by - Ayushi Agarwal

ABSTRACT

The marital rape exception must be removed as it is no longer legally tenable in light of the Supreme Court decisions in various cases. Contrary to arguments that the central government has advanced repeatedly, these decisions hold that marriage does not mean there is irrevocable consent for sexual intercourse, and that a regressive practice cannot be used to ensure the stability of marriage.

Economic and Political Weekly - Vol.56, No.35, August 28, 2021

 Providing Relief to Domestic Workers, Written by – Bharat Dogra

Economic and Political Weekly - Vol.56, No.35, August 28, 2021

• Government and Labour: Return of Dialogue?

Worker's organisations are crucial to the government's planned labour policy measures.

Indian Journal of Human Development - Vol.15, No.2, August, 2021

 <u>Family Planning Performance in India: 1992–2016,</u> Written by - Aalok Ranjan Chaurasia

<u>ABSTRACT</u>

This article analyses family planning performance in India based on a composite performance index which is newly developed for this purpose. The analysis suggests that there has been an improvement in family planning performance in the country over time. However, the performance remains poor, and there is substantial scope for further improvement. The analysis also reveals significant variation in family planning performance across India's states/union territories and districts. The classification modelling exercise undertaken in this article reveals that districts can be grouped into eight clusters in terms of family planning performance. The districts are essentially different in different clusters on both the demand met for family planning and the composition of the demand met. This article emphasises that family planning in the country must be promoted as a development strategy rather than an intervention to limit births.

Indian Journal of Human Development - Vol.15, No.2, August, 2021

 Women's Participation in Higher Education in India: <u>An Analysis Across Major States</u>, Written by -Sanghita Ghosh & Amit Kundu

ABSTRACT

Women's participation in higher education is an important pathway towards gender equality in economy and society. This article examines their participation levels in higher education across major Indian states and explores the underlying factors in the disparity between states. It employs two indicators, namely, Gross Enrolment Ratio (GER) of Females and Gender Parity Index (GPI) to measure the absolute and relative participation of women in the higher education, from 2011 to 2019. The comparative statistical analysis of these parameters for the 16 major states shows that they perform poorly in postgraduation and technical education courses. However, they are better placed in GPI at undergraduation level. Further, they appear to be moving towards gender parity with recent increases in enrolment of girls in higher education. On the basis of fixed-effect panel data regression, it is found that significant share of female teachers, higher per capita state domestic product (a proxy for per-capita income) and availability of colleges and girls' hostels are playing important roles to contributing to the GER of females and GPI in higher education in India.

Indian Journal of Human Development - Vol.15, No.2, August, 2021

 Measuring the Employment Vulnerability Among <u>Female Workers in Uttar Pradesh, Written by -</u> <u>Nomita P. Kumar & Achala Srivastava</u>

ABSTRACT

This article attempts to measure employment vulnerability among women workers in Uttar Pradesh by constructing a multidimensional vulnerability index (MVI). The index is based on 23 dichotomous (binary) variables corresponding to various dimensions of vulnerability related to employment. A composite index of vulnerability is developed for each occupational category, sector of employment and gender. Here, MVI is the average of five indices which are computed for the respective dimensions of employment vulnerability. The findings suggest high levels of vulnerability among informal workers with the MVI values ranging from 0.087 (low) to 0.783 (high).

Indian Journal of Human Development - Vol.15, No.2, August, 2021

 <u>The Cost of Being 'Backward' in India: Socio-</u> religious Discrimination in the Labour Market, Written by - Soumyajit Chakraborty & Alok K. <u>Bohara</u>

ABSTRACT

Being from backward castes, classes and Muslims in India has an economic cost associated with the nature of institutional discrimination. Using the

2011–2012 National Sample Survey data, this study identifies that caste and religion still rule the modern Indian labour market. We find that discrimination is evident in the socio-religious earnings gaps. While the parametric decompositions suggest that most of these gaps are due to differential human capital endowment, the nonparametric method almost evenly attributes inequality to discrimination and endowment. The results presented in this study suggest that discrimination against Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, Muslims and Other Backward Classes should be included in policy designs to promote equity in the Indian labour market.

Indian Journal of Human Development - Vol.15, No.2, August, 2021

 <u>Juxtaposing The Great Indian Kitchen and the</u> <u>Kudumbashree: Women, Work and Agency in Kerala,</u> <u>Written by - Daigy Varghese & Shubha Ranganathan</u>

ABSTRACT

The recent Malayalam film 'The great Indian kitchen' invoked debate in Kerala on women's unpaid work in the house. Taking off from this film, this commentary draws on ethnographic research with women participating in the *Kudumbashree*, a women's empowerment programme in Kerala, to engage with questions of paid work, household labour and care arrangements within the household. While the film depicts the struggles of a newly wedded young woman in her in-laws' house and how she leaves the marriage to follow her dreams, this article shifts the focus to the tactics and strategies used by women in their 40s and 50s who remain within the family fold. We look at the experiences of these women who negotiate work and care arrangements to meet their needs. In doing so, we seek to understand what these strategies say about the conceptualisation of women's agency and independence, particularly in South Asian contexts.

Social Change - Vol.51, No.3, September, 2021

 Dalit Women's Narratives on Sexual Violence: Reflections on Indian Society and State, Written by -

Ajit Kumar Pandey & V. N. Mishra

ABSTRACT

Sexual violence generally leaves a mark on historical records only if such incidents come to trial. Today's experience suggests that only a fraction of such cases have ever reached the courts in the past; and even in those cases, the evidence that survives is far from the whole story. This neglect reflects the way sexual violence against women has been so easily waved aside, mainly by men, as a marginal event, a private catastrophe doubtless, but one of little historical significance for such criminals have been generally considered as sex maniacs. Also, ingrained misogynistic caricaturing of women has always allowed people to trivialise rape and render it titillating to the pornographic imagination. It is therefore suggested that such stereotypes in turn infect the way men have written history.

Social Change - Vol.51, No.3, September, 2021

• <u>Khaps in Haryana, Gender and Honour: A Field</u> Study, Written by - Nirmala Devi & Aditya Parihar

ABSTRACT

In the past, harmonious relations existed between villages and neighbouring localities largely because of the regulatory function of khaps, a community organisation representing a clan or a group of related clans, found mostly in northern India, especially in Uttar Pradesh and Haryana. The members of these khaps have always wielded enormous economic, social and political power. Made up of comparatively rich and elderly men, their orthodox views have found place in their regressive diktats. Day-to-day issues and problems are referred to these elected bodies which give their rulings. The present study looks at why progressive and modern ideologies are still being successfully resisted by such communities despite an effort being made in this direction. The study also explores elements of continuity and change seen within khaps. Social Change - Vol.51, No.3, September, 2021

• <u>Women at Work: A Gender Ideology Perspective</u>, Written by - Maithreyi Krishnaraj

Down to Earth - Sept 2, 2021

 Odisha bets on departments working together to end child marriages, Written by - Priya Ranjan Sahu

Down to Earth - August 31, 2021

• Population populism: How redundant is UP's twochild policy?, Written by - Febi DA & and Et.al.,

Down to Earth - August 16, 2021

 India's water crisis: It is most acute for women, Written by - Anuj Behal & Dimple Behal

India Today - August 23, 2021

 Why maternity leave in India needs to be extended?, By – Shelly Anand

India Today - August 21, 2021

<u>Uttar Pradesh: Contractual MGNREGA workers plan</u>
<u>'surround Lucknow' protest over low wages, By -</u>
<u>Abhishek Mishra</u>

The Week - Sept 4, 2021

 <u>Study Shows Job Hiring Rate in India Is Back To Pre-</u> Covid Level

Some Recent Publications – Related to Gender

UN Women Publication, 2021

Paid Care Work around the Globe : A Comparative
<u>Analysis of 47 Countries and Territories -</u>
<u>Discussion Paper</u>

UN Women Publication, 2021

• New Feminist Activism, Waves and Generations

World Bank Publications, 2021

 Proposed Approach for the Gender Dimensions of Forced Displacement Research Program

This is a quick listing, and not a comprehensive one, designed to give ISST researchers easy access to these published articles.